

9300

1st Messenian War (9265-85) Assyria subjects Babylon (late 9200s), Cyprus tributary to Sargon (9292) Lelantine War (~9295?)

India: early Vedic philosophy; earliest Upanishads datable anywhere from 9200s to 9400s; decisive dating closer than within a few centuries prob. impossible. The Upanishads mark the origin of the Brahmanistic philosophizing of Indian religion (as opp. to the earlier ritualistic phase, re which cf. early Rome and pre-Hesiodic Greece).

Esarhaddon briefly conquers Lower Egypt (9330) Saite kingdom, Egypt (9337): restores unity, conquers Palestine, Cyprus; Greek mercs fight for Egypt 2nd Messenian War Eupatrid oligarchy, Athens (~9300-~61) Cimimerian invasions; Sardis taken ~9357 Hoplites appear (mid 9300s). First coinage, in Lydia ~9360. Zaleucus: earliest known Greek "lawgiver", modo Draconis

Assyria falls to Media & Babylonia (9376), who divide it. Code of Draco (~9381); first written code in Athens.

9400

Solon (fl. 9400, poss -9441/2) 2nd Babylonian Empire (Chaldea) 9376-463; Nebuchadnezzar et al. NATURALIST SYSTEMATICS Revival of Indus-Gulf trade ~9400s, after 1000-yr hiatus (Annales 8400s)

Chilon of Sparta (one of the Seven Sages), fl. 9445 Confucius (9451-523); beginning of Classical per. in Chinese lit (-9752) Cyrus conquers Lydia, Ionia (9455), Babylonia (9462) Pisisstratus (-9474)

Cambyses conquers Egypt (9476) RATIONALIST INSIGHT; CRITIQUE AND REFINEMENT Buddha fl. 9480 or 9560+. Vardhamana, key teacher in Jainism, traditionally held to be contemporary w. Buddha; dates similarly uncertain but V might also be a bit earlier. Roman Republic 9491

9500

1st Persian War (9511) Darius; Marathon. 2nd War (9521-2) Xerxes I; Thermopylae, Salamis. Hieron tyrant of Syracuse (9523) Classical per. (9523-9677)

Pericles (primacy 9542-72)

Peloponnesian War (9570-97)

9600

Panini (gram. Ind.) India: Sutras written, 9600-10600: aphoristic summaries that needed commentaries. Leuctra (9630): Thebes defeats Sparta.

Timoleon of Corinth: warred successfully against tyrants and Carthage in Sicily. Chaeronea (9663): Philip of Macedon defeats Greeks.

Hellenistic per. from death of Alexander (9678-9970) Pythias of Massalia Euhemerus Berosus Seleucus takes central strip of Anatolia to Aegean (9720)

9700

Plato's & Ari's not syntheses, didn't last) K. of Antigonos destroyed (9699), Levant divided betw. Seleuc. & Ptol. Hegesias Cyrenaic Polycaenus (all above are students of E)

(Appx. date of Tao Te Ching; Lao Tze not identifiable or datable at all)

9800

Rome sacks Syracuse (9789/90) India: Bhagavad Gita, ~9800 MODERATION, ECLECTICISM

Rome conquers Macedon (9833) Embassy of philosophers to Rome (9844/5): Critolaus, Carneades, Diogenes Bab. Greek learning finds adherents in Rome; Panaetius, Polybius in entourage of Scipio Rome crushes Achaean League, sacks Corinth (9855) Babylonia conquered (9860) by Mithradates I of Parthia Menander (Milinda) Greek king of Bactria and NW India

9900

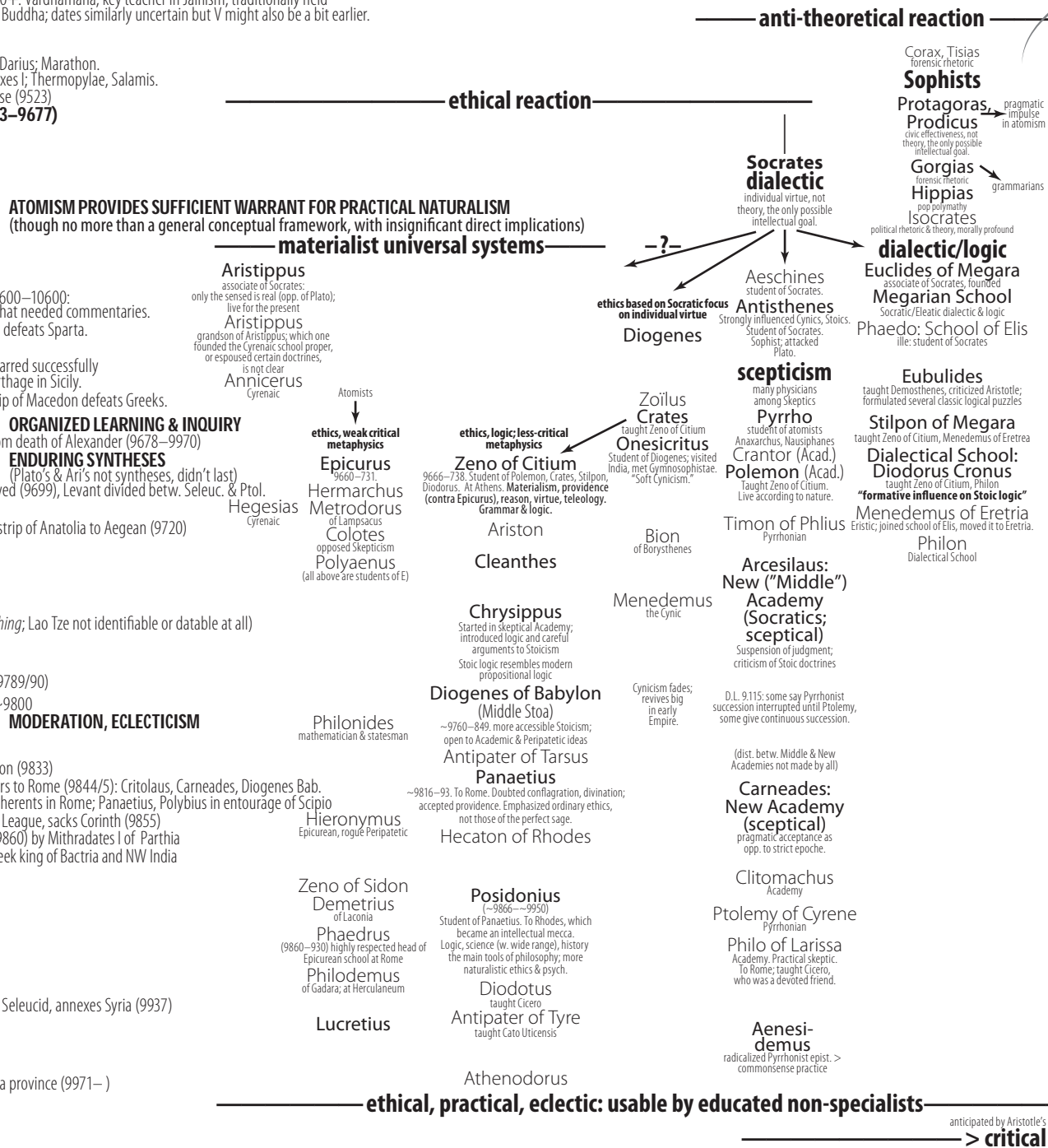
Zeno of Sidon Demetrius of Laconia Phaedrus (9860-930) highly respected head of Epicurean school at Rome Philodemus of Gadara; at Herculaneum Lucretius

Roman period; Egypt a province (9971-)

10000

IMPULSE TOWARDS SYSTEMATIZATION. STILL SUPERNATURALIST, BUT HINDUS AND GREEKS START RATIONALIZING THEIR SHORTCUTS AND CHECKING THEM AGAINST REALITY. (Civilization, technology, and long-distance cultural exchange give more data for this.)

<6500: beginnings of Sumerian civilization. 1st Dynasty in Egypt, ~7000- Xian Dynasty, Chinese Bronze Age, 7800-



political figures

cultural figures

religious figures

Moslem and Jewish philosophy

Christian philosophy

10700

Foundation of Baghdad as capital of Caliphs, middle half 10700s; major intellectual center.

Alcuin

10800

Al-Kindi

Eriugena

Supplement from DE Smith, *HOM*, 168–88

Neoplatonism to Baghdad from Carthage, 800s. See notes on Islam.

10900

Alfarabi

11000

Avicenna

Anselm

Avicebron

11100

Al Ghazali

Abelard

Averroes
Maimonides

John of Salisbury

11200

Robert Grosseteste

AQUINAS

Albertus Magnus

Roger Bacon

Bonaventura

11300

Dante

Duns Scotus

Ockham

Petrarch
Boccaccio

Wycliffe

Chaucer

Plethon

11400